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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/700,523	11/15/2000	David A. Kapilow	1999-0096-3 6109	
75	90 08/25/2005		EXAM	INER
AT&T Corporation			HARPER, V PAUL	
PO Box 4110 Middletown, NJ 07748			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2654	
			DATE MAILED: 08/25/2009	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/700,523	KAPILOW, DAVID A.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		V. Paul Harper	2654				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute that the mail the mail term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tined by the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. CD (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 🏹	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27</u>	June 2005.					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		nis action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1.2 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 							
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. Certified copies of the priority documents. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents. Explication from the International Bure see the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati fority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
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Attachment 1) Notice	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	(PTO 412)				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) L Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	nte				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 · No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

1. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In this case, the phrase "which portion corresponds" (line 9 of claim 2) is unclear. Previous to this, two terms relating to 'portions' have been introduced "a portion of the speech signal corresponding to the unavailable packet" and "a portion of the previously formed speech signal." Furthermore, is a specific size of the portion being referred to?

The following art rejection is given in view of the above 112 2nd rejection giving the claim a reasonable interpretation in view of the art.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bialik (U.S. Patent 6,389,006), hereinafter referred to as Bialik.

Regarding **claim 1**, Bialik teaches methods for encoding and decoding speech for lossy transmission networks. Bialik's methods include the following steps:

- concealing the effect of missing speech information on generated speech, said speech information having been compressed and transmitted in packets to a receiver which does not receive one or more of such packets, the method comprising the steps of (col. 1, lines 36-41, handing lost packets when transmitting compressed voice signals):
- forming a speech signal based on received packets representing speech information (col. 1, lines 36-41, decoding voice signals);
- in response to a determination that a packet is not available at the receiver to form the speech signal, synthesizing a portion of the speech signal corresponding to the unavailable packet using a portion of the previously formed speech signal (col. 1, lines 41-45, utilizing already stored information to interpolate what the lost packet might sound like),
- wherein the number of pitch periods of the previously formed portion used in such synthesis is greater for speech of a fundamental frequency above a threshold than for speech of a fundamental frequency below the threshold (col. 2, line 61 through col.
 line 23, last 120 samples of the last good frame [the previously formed portion] are

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any fundamental frequency chosen as a threshold has a greater number of pitch periods for a fundamental frequency above the threshold than for a fundamental frequency below the threshold).

Regarding **claim 2**, in view of the 112 2nd rejection (see §1) this claim is rejected for the same reasons given above in the rejection of claim 1.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/27/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

3. Applicant asserts on page 3:

The col. 2, line 61 through col. 3, line 213 passage teaches a use of a voiced/unvoiced classifier with which the state of the last good frame is checked. What the classifier does is employ a correlation calculation and an energy calculation of the last 120 samples of the last good frame to determine whether the missing frame is voiced or unvoiced, and also to fine tune the pitch period (the information about which was send by the encoder). The 120 samples are NOT used in the generation of the synthesized speech. A study of the 0.723 standard, which purportedly the cited passage summarizes, reveals that only one pitch period is used in the synthesis (repeated whatever number of times it is needed). (Italics added)

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Bialik teaches that the current frame is regenerated with the periodic excitation having a period equal to the value provided by the classifier (col. 3, lines 17-19) where the value provided by the classifier results from calculations performed on the last 120 samples. Thus, the 120 samples are used in the generation of the synthesized speech.

4. Applicant further asserts on page 3:

In contradistinction, claim 1 specifies "using a portion" of the previously formed speech signal to synthesize "a portion of the speech signal corresponding to the unavailable packet." What is that used portion'? The claim specifies that the used portion "is greater for speech of a fundamental frequency above a threshold than for speech of a fundamental frequency below the threshold." It is respectfully submitted, therefore, that claim 1 is not anticipated by G.732 and certainly not by the Bialik reference. (Italics added)

The claim states "the number of pitch periods of the previously formed portion used in such synthesis is greater for" And as taught by Bialik, "the current frame is regenerated with periodic excitation having a period equal to the value provided by the classifier" (col. 3, lines 16-20). So the previous portion (the 120 samples) is used to determine a pitch period, and the current frame is regenerated using a number of those pitch periods (i.e. a "number of pitch periods of the previously formed portion is used ..."). Furthermore, as stated in the rejection of claim 1, the limitation "the number of pitch periods .. is greater for speech of a fundamental frequency above a threshold than for speech of a fundamental frequency below the threshold" is inherently true (i.e., the higher the pitch frequency the greater the number of pitch periods for <u>any fixed interval</u>, 120 samples).

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5. Applicant further asserts on page 3:

New daim 2 is submitted that is similar to daim 1, except that it more particularly specifies that the "used portion" is a portion of the developed speech signal that is repeated in order to realize the synthesized speech corresponding to the missing packet, and that repeated portion corresponds to a number of pitch periods and a threshold.

Note the 112 2nd rejection above, also see §4, where it is argued that the pitch period of the previous portion (used portion?) is repeated to generate a signal to replace the missing portion.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to V. Paul Harper whose telephone number is (571) 272-7605. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richemond Dorvil can be reached on (571) 272-7602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

W. Reul Mesper

8/17/2005

V. Paul Harper Patent Examiner Art Unit 2654 VIJAY CHAWAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER